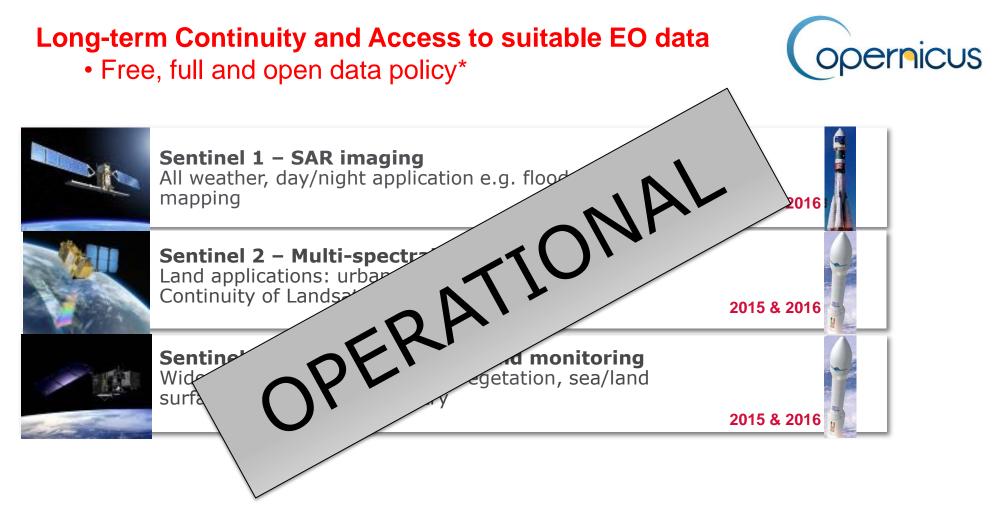


Sentinel MissionsJoint EU-ESA Copernicus Space Programme





* Joint EU/ESA Data Policy Principles adopted by ESA member states in Sep '09, EU in 2014

Operational Satellite Observations: SENTINEL-1 – Start of the Sentinel era





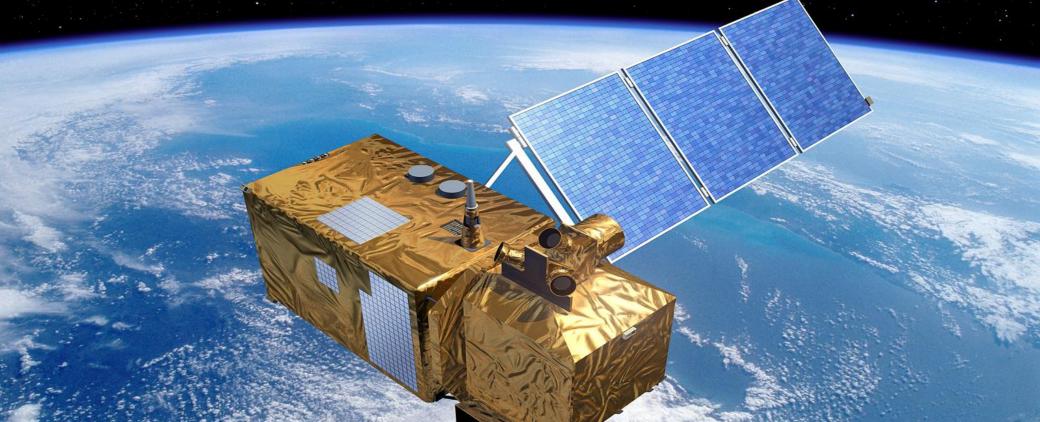
Copernicus Sentinel-2



Multispectral High Resolution Optical Imager

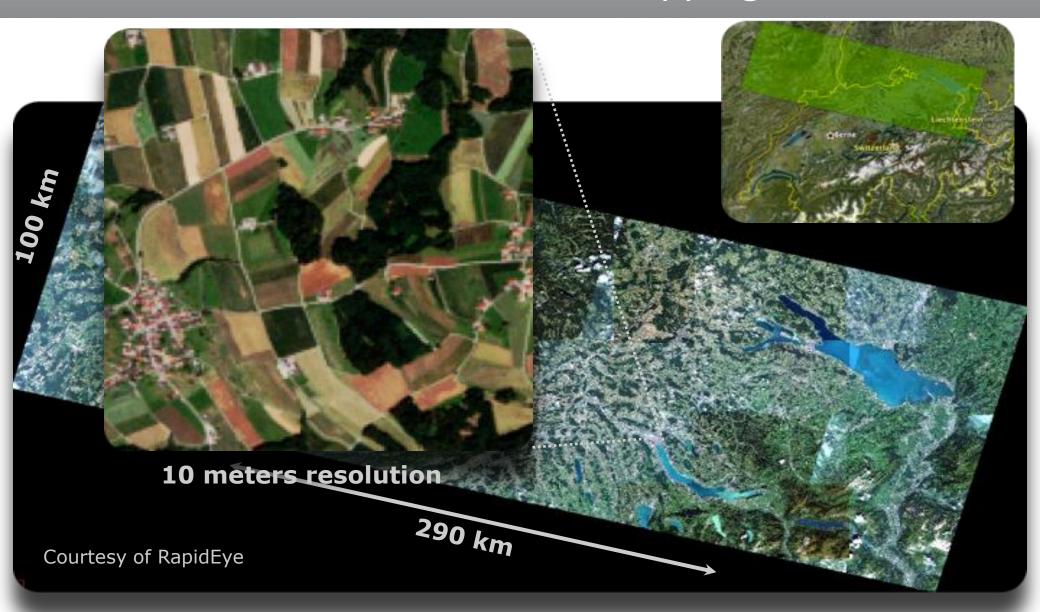
- Launch: 2015, 2016, ...
- 13 bands (VIS, NIR & SWIR)

- Systematic acq. of all land and coasts
- 5 days repeat cycle with 2 satellites
- 290 km swath at 10, 20 and 60 m
 7 years design lifetime (max. 12 yrs)



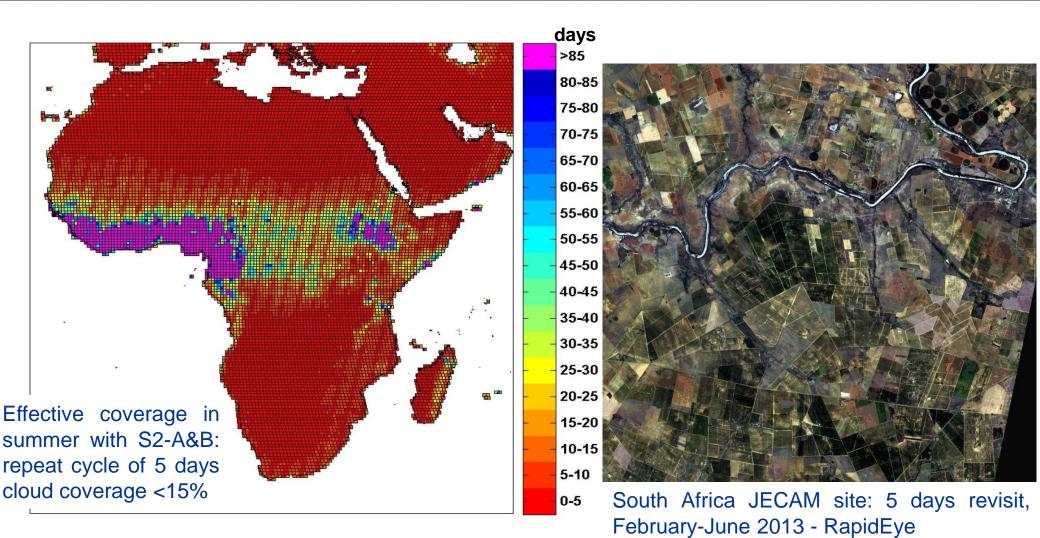
Sentinel-2: Coverage & Resolution 10 m resolution for field scale mapping





Sentinel-2 Revisit Time Capability 5 days revisit for crop dynamics

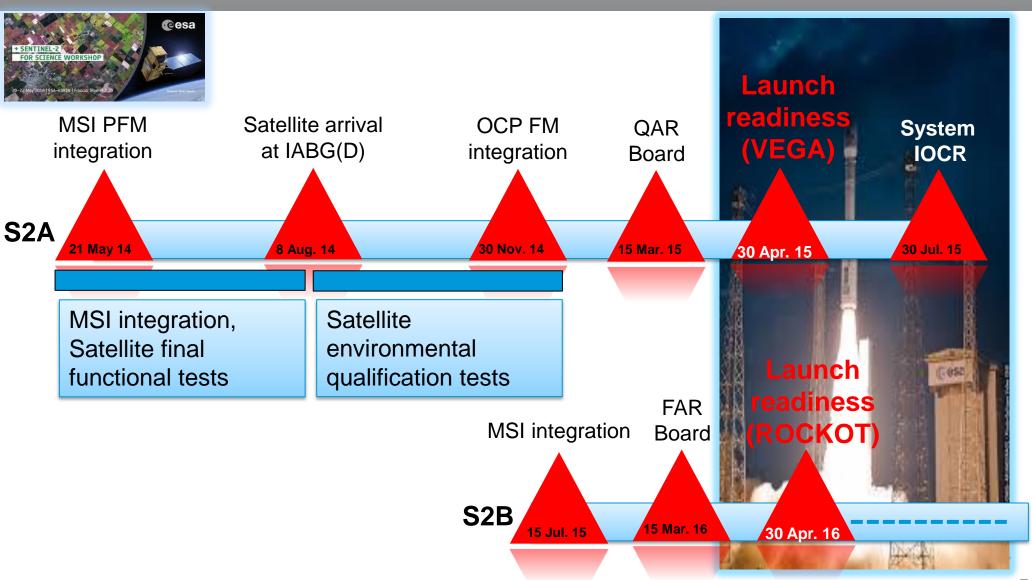






Sentinel-2A: < 1 year to launch launch not before 30th of April 2015





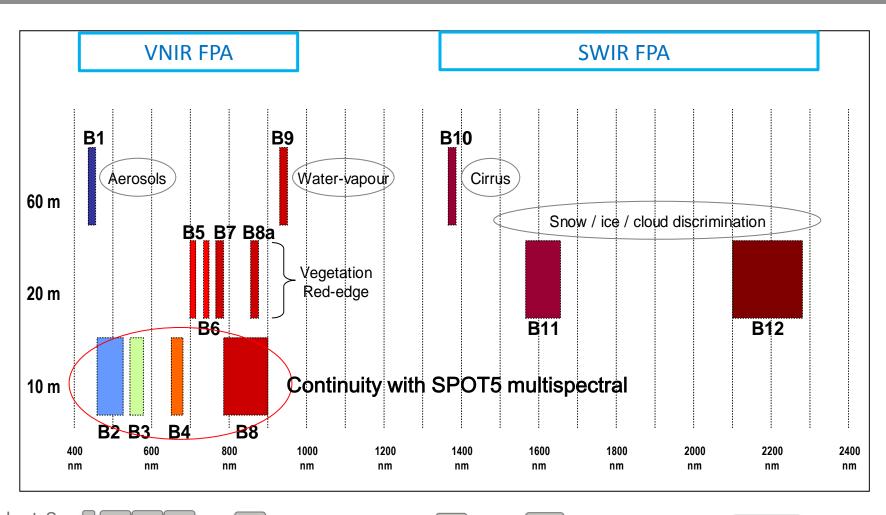
Sentinel-2 development status





Sentinel-2: MSI spectral bands





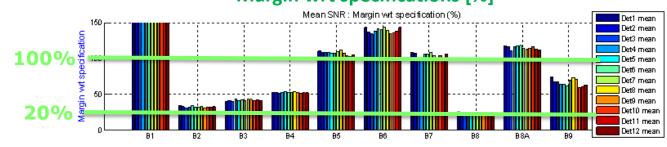
MSI VNIR SNR performance



MSI mean SNR budget based on VNIR PFM FPA measurements

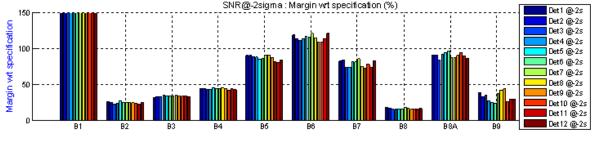
- → Exceeds the requirement with margin >20% over the full FPA
- → More than 100% margin for the Red Edge bands

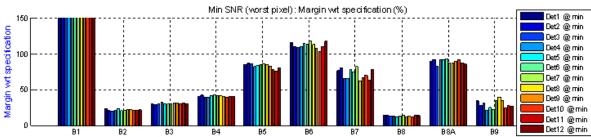
SNR measurements for VNIR bands at MSI level Margin wrt specifications [%]



SNR requirements for VNIR bands

Lmin	Lref	Lmax	SNR
W.m ⁻² .s r ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹	W.m ⁻² .s r ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹	@ Lref
16	129	588	129
11.5	128	615.5	154
6.5	128	559	168
3.5	108	484	142
2.5	74.5	449.5	117
2	68	413	89
1.5	67	387	105
1	103	308	174
1	52.5	308	72
0.5	9	233	114
	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹ 16 11.5 6.5 3.5 2.5 2 1.5 1	W.m².sr¹.mm¹ W.m².sr¹.mm¹ 16 129 11.5 128 6.5 128 3.5 108 2.5 74.5 2 68 1.5 67 1 103 1 52.5	W.m².sr¹.mm¹ W.m².sr¹.mm¹ W.m².sr¹.mm¹ 16 129 588 11.5 128 615.5 6.5 128 559 3.5 108 484 2.5 74.5 449.5 2 68 413 1.5 67 387 1 103 308 1 52.5 308





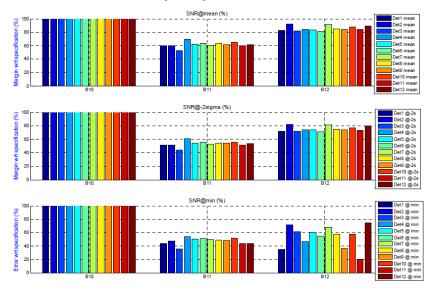
MSI SWIR SNR performance



MSI mean SNR budget based on SWIR PFM FPA measurements

- → Exceeds the requirement with margin > 50% over the full FPA @ LRef
- → Exceeds the requirement with margin > 20% over the full FPA @ Lhigh
- → Consistent performance between test at SWIR FPA and MSI level

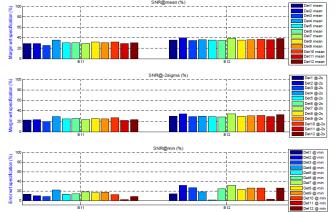
SNR measurements (Lref) for SWIR bands at FPA level



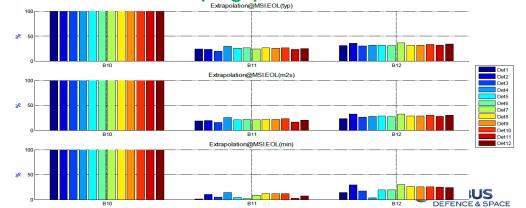
SNR requirements for SWIR bands

Band	Lref	Lhigh	SNIP @ Lrof	SNR @ Lhigh	
Dallu	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹	W.m ⁻² .s r ⁻¹ .mm ⁻¹	SINK @ LIEI	SINK @ Liligii	
B10	6	n/a	50	n/a	
B11	4	32	100	504	
B12	1.7	11			

SNR measurements (Lhigh) for SWIR bands at FPA level



SNR measurements (Lhigh) for SWIR bands at MSI level



Sentinel-2 User Products List



Name		High-level Description	Production	Preservation Strategy	Volume
Level-1B	*	Top-of-atmophere reflectances in sensor geometry.	Systematic	Long-term	~27 MB (each 25x23km²)
Level-1C		Top-of-atmosphere reflectances in cartographic geometry.	Systematic	Long-term	~500 MB (each 100x100km²)
Level-2A	**	Bottom-of-atmosphere reflectance in cartographic geometry	On client side (using Sentinels Exploitation Tool)	N/A	~600 MB (each100x100km²)

^{*:} The use of Level-1B product requires advanced expertise in geometrical processing.

**: ESA is preparing for systematic L2a processing

Level-1C / Definition



100km x 100km tile

- Top-of-atmosphere (TOA) reflectance in cartographic geometry (UTM/WGS84).
- Image radiometry key features:
 - ✓ Radiometrically corrected data.
 - ✓ Reflectance coded in 12 bits.
 - ✓ Product includes all necessary parameters required to convert the provided reflectance into radiances.
- Image geometry key features:
 - ✓ Orthorectification uses an 90m-resolution DEM.
 - ✓ Sub-pixel multi-temporal registration between images.

 European Space Agency

Level-2A / Definition



Bottom-of-atmosphere (BOA) reflectance in cartographic geometry (UTM/WGS84)



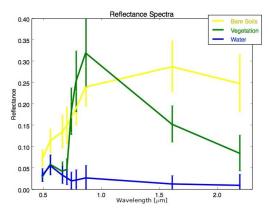
ESA is preparing for systematic L2a processing

Products additionally include:

- ✓ Scene Classification Map
- ✓ Water Vapour Map
- ✓ Aerosols Optical Thickness Map

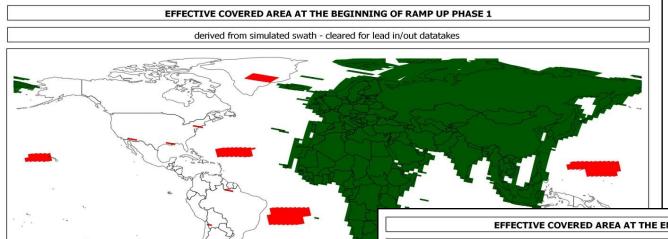
Algorithm includes:

- ✓ Cloud and cloud shadow detection.
- ✓ Cirrus detection and correction.
- ✓ Slope effect correction.
- ✓ BRDF effect correction.





There will be gradual ramp-up until the esa Full Operational scenario is reached



Start of ramp-up phase (after commissioning phase)

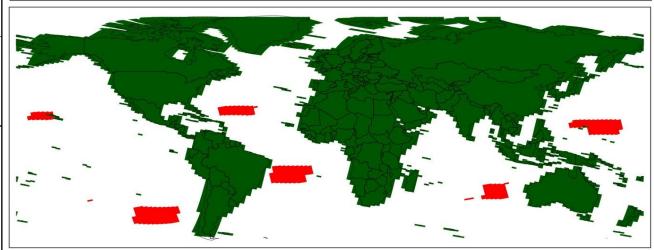
- Assuming availability of 2 downlink stations out of 4
- Ensuring coverage of global Cal/Val needs
- Ensuring COPERNICUS CORE datasets needs for Europe/Africa systematically
- Ensuring maximum coverage/orbit length for GRI generation

EFFECTIVE COVERED AREA AT THE END OF THE RAMP UP PHASE (FULL OPERATIONALITY)

derived from simulated swath - cleared for lead in/out datatakes

Products will become available immediately, data quality will be refined until full GRI (Global reference Image) is available





Legend

Acquisition Area

Regular Regular

Calibration Purposes (outside the regular acquisition area)

Data Access – A major undertaking



A major European Earth Observation Ground Segment design challenge

Systematic processing and availability of the complete acquired data
 → corresponding to a sustained generation rate (24h/7d) of a continuous stream of
 500Mb/s of user products (Sentinel-1,-2,-3 A series)
 1700 Gbyte per day from Sentinel-2 (for Level 1C)!
 □ Distributed interconnected network of centres (improved redundancy)

Including **Big Data paradigm** and use of innovative solutions

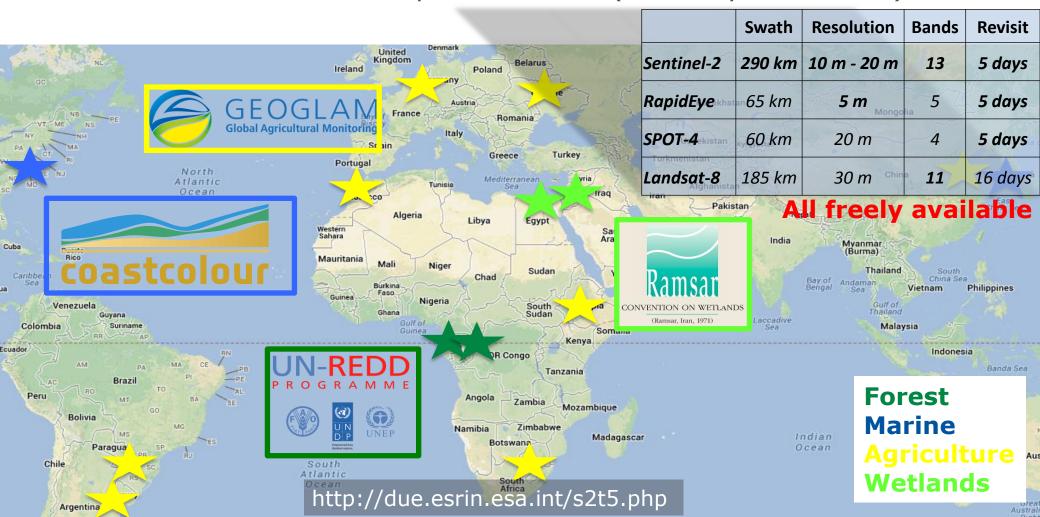
□ Progressive inclusion of Research Support & Hosted Processing services
 □ Enhanced connectivity to international scientific network (e.g. GEANT)

☐ Local centre access capacity built on top of a **powerful and scalable network**

☐ Federation of distributed data pick-up points to optimise proximity to end users

Simulated Sentinel-2 Time Series (in partnership with Take 5 initiative of CNES/CESBIO)

- 14 ESA sites, globally distributed with international partners
- Multi-sensor & multi-temporal data set (February-June 2013)

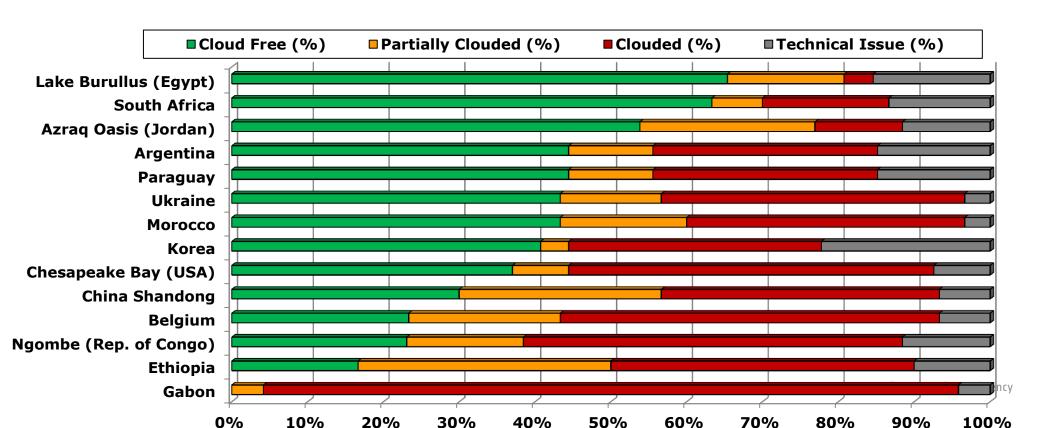


Overview of S2 Time Series: RapidEye



RapidEye

- Total of 390 acquisitions, 24-30 per site
- 38% cloud free of total acquisitions (0-65% at site level)
- Even with 5 days repeat, low coverage over Europe during growing season

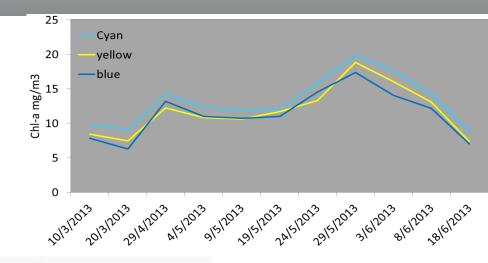


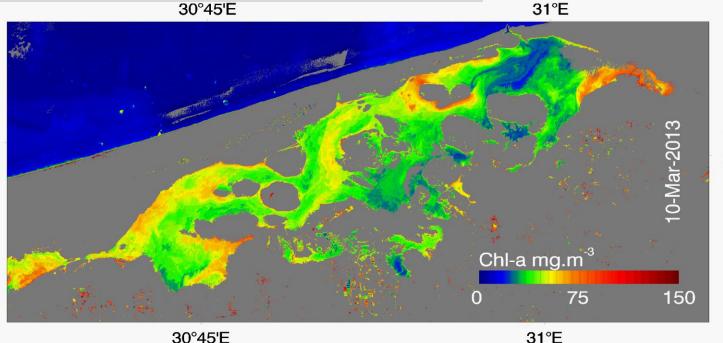
Inland Water: Spot4 products of Chl-a (preliminary results)

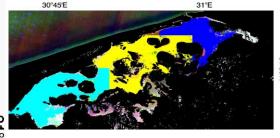


Spring and summer blooms are shown for three spatially averaged regions

The regions seem to have the same temporal behavior
The start of the summer bloom is delayed in the middle region







Farag,H. and Salama,
M.S.,(2014) Sentinel2 Red-Edge Bands
Capabilities on
Retrieving
Chlorophyll-a in
Turbid Water, Case
Study: Lake Burullus pace Agency

Egypt. In preparation.

Special Issue: In Preparation of S2Remote Sensing Journal



MDPI	Journals A-Z	For Authors	For Editors	For Librarians	About	Open Access	Policy		Submit to Remote	e Sensing Login
*5	remote sensin		Title / Keyword Author Article Type	all	†)	Journal Section Special Issue	Remote Sensing		Clear	IMPACT FACTOR 2.101
Rem	ote Sensing	Special	Issue "Lesso	ons Learned	from th	e SPOT4 (Ta	ke5): Experiment i	n Preparati	ion for Sentinel-2"	
■ Remote	Sensing Home	0 : 11:								
■ About th	nis Journal	Quicklin								
■ Indexing	g & Abstracting		Special Issue Edi							
■ Instructi	ions for Authors		Special Issue Info Published Papers							
■ Publicat	tion Fees	•	rublished Papers	5						

This Special Issue calls for lessons learned from Take5 experiment:

- pre-processing methods (ortho-rectification, atmospheric correction, cloud detection, monthly syntheses)
- calibration and validation of reflectance and bio-physical variables
- suitability of Sentinel-2 time series as a function of applications
- new processing methods for applications of time series of high resolution images

European Space Agency



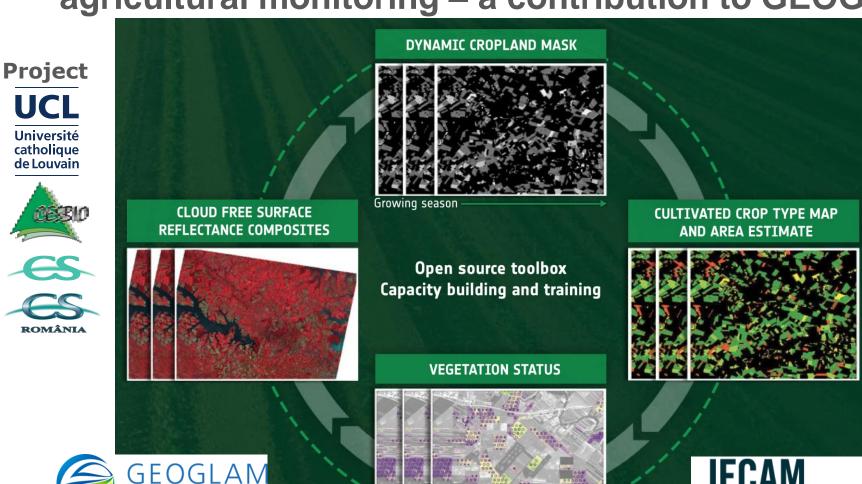
Sentinel-2 for Agriculture R&D and tools



→ AGRICULTURE

Global Agricultural Monitoring

Towards exploitation of Sentinel-2 for local to global agricultural monitoring - a contribution to GEOGLAM



Key Users











→ AGRICULTURE

Sentinel-2 for Agriculture: Objectives & Concept

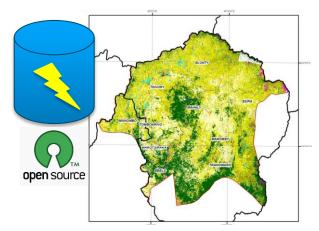


Algorithm Development

Prototypes of EO products

Demonstration & Validation







Main Design Activities:

- User Requirements
- EO product specification
- Algorithm Development

Processing System:

- 4 agricultural EO products
- Open source system
- Testing & validating of EO prototypes (12 sites)

Use cases:

- 3 national coverages & 5 local sites (290x290 km)
- Validation of EO products
- Transfer to national users

Sentinel-2 Data volume estimation Agriculture monitoring use cases



Preliminary estimation of Sentinel-2 data	Local Case (290x290 km)	National Case (500 000 km ²)
Single observation (level 1C)	≈ 3,5 GBytes	≈ 21 GBytes
6 months time series with 5 days cycle	\approx 128 GBytes	≈ 762 GBytes
Monthly surface reflectance composite	≈ 56 GBytes	≈ 335 GBytes
10-d vegetation status product (6 months)	≈ 76 GBytes	≈ 455 GBytes
Monthly dynamic cropland masks	≈ 5 GBytes	≈ 30 GBytes
Cultivated crop type and area indicator	≈ 0,8 GBytes	≈ 5 GBytes

- => Data volume reduction from L2 to L3 but mainly from L3 to L4
- => Need a large bandwidth to retrieve S2 product and disseminate output

Sentinel-2 for Climate Change CCI Land Cover



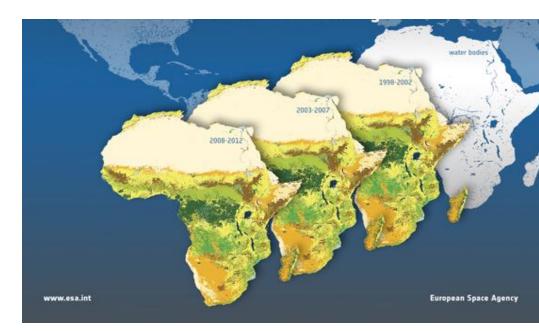


Multiyear Global Land Cover Mapping

- 3 consistent global land cover products (P1:2000, 2005, 2010 & P2:1980, 1990, 2015)
- Global map of open permanent water bodies
- Development of an online validation tool

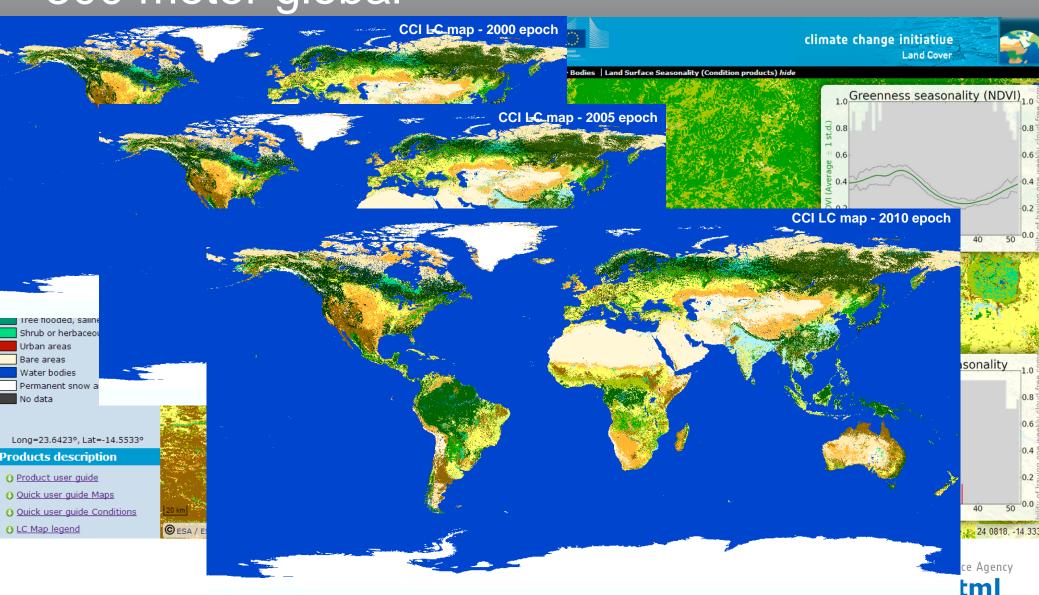
Land Cover @ 10/20m for Africa

- Land cover product over Africa using S2 + L8
- User requirement target = 30 m
- HR relevant for Climate impact assessment & Mitigation strategy
- Analyze L8-S2 geolocation accuracy
 & inter-calibration
- Adaptation of L-8 & S2 preprocessing (cloud detection, Atm-Corr, BRDF)



CCI Land cover results 300 meter global

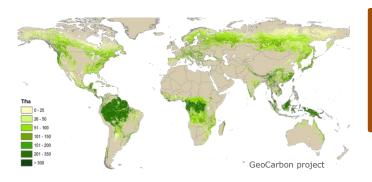




R&D for International Environmental Conventions (UNFCCC, UNCCD, UNCBD, Ramsar)





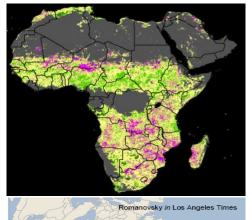


KO: Q3 2014

Budget: €1,500,000

Duration: 3 years





KO: Q4 2014

Budget: €1,500,000

Duration: 3 years





KO: Q1 2015

Budget: €1,000,000

Duration: 3 years

European Space Agency

Sentinel-2 algorithm development & L2b validation





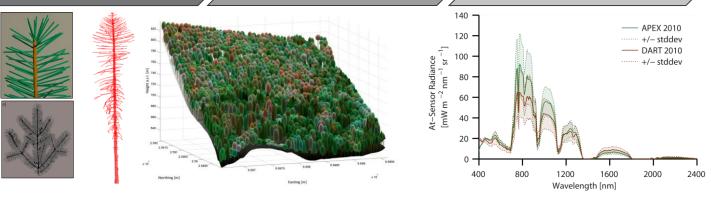
support to science element First Echo Height [m] bio-physical parameter 730 (e.g. LAI, fAPAR, gap fraction) crown diameter / projection area total tree height mean stand height 710 crown height crown structure 700 crown base height 690 FLUXNET station 680 tree location (x,y,z)

Schneider, F.D., Leiterer, R., Morsdorf, F., Gastellu-Etchegorry, J.-P., Lauret, N., Pfeifer, N., Schaepman, M.E. (2014). Simulating imaging spectrometer data: 3D forest modeling based on LiDAR and in situ data. *Remote Sensing of Environment, accepted*

http://www.geo.uzh.ch/microsi te/3dveglab/index.html 3D Reconstruction of Reference site

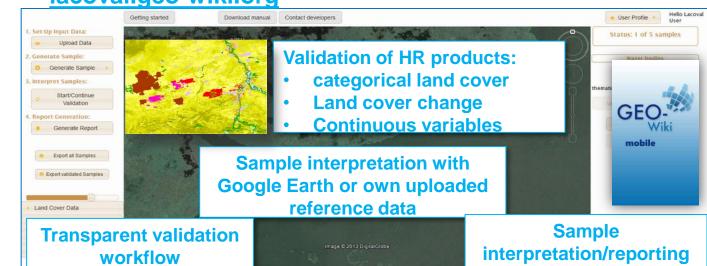
Simulation of current & future EO missions

Algorithm development & benchmarking



Open Source Validation tool on Geo-Wiki portal:

lacoval.geo-wiki.org



Sentinel-2 Science CommunitySentinel-2 Science Workshops: 2012 & 2014





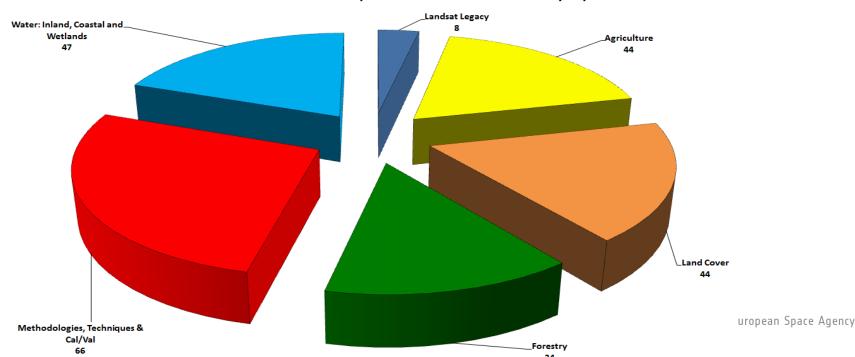
http://www.s2symposium.org



http://seom.esa.int/S2forScience2014

Workshop 2014: 377 international attendees from 44 different countries

Sentinel-2 for ScienceWorkshop 2014 - Number of Abstracts by Topic



Sentinel-2 Science Community Summary & Recommendations



S2 Workshop 2012:

• 28 recommendations (http://www.s2symposium.org) – 18 addressed e.g. data policy, time series analysis, L8-S2 inter-calibration

S2 Workshop 2014:

#	Main Recommendations
1	Emphasized Free & open data policy as well as efficient data access
2	Operational production of Level 2A (comparison exercises to develop community accepted best practices)
3	Tools and techniques for seamless use of Landsat and Sentinel-2 (compositing, cross-validation, compatibility of processing, time series)
4	Centralised and transparent CAL/VAL monitoring for the duration of Sentinel Program
5	Hosted processing - "bringing the algorithm to the data" as well as for standard L3 products
6	Improved atmospheric correction - including over water surfaces
7	Synergy with SAR data and sensors at varying resolution

NASA & ESA Sentinel-2 Research Cooperation



S2-L8 cross calibration

- Interest for cooperation on joint R&D on S2 & L8 (NASA, Earsel LCLUC workshop, S2 Science Workshop)
- Algorithm development for composites and higher-level products based on S2 & L8
- Possibility for parallel calls from ESA & NASA
 - NASA: Land imaging science call in fall 2014,
 - ESA: S2-4SCI Land call in Q3/4 2014
 - Identify synergy and create complementarity in the calls. Encourage joint European-US teams
- Ongoing collaboration w/ NASA (JPPG)
 on S2/L8 data processing, Cal/Val,
 thermal convey study, Landsat 5/7/8
 acquisition & processing

ESA Sentinel-2 R&D Opportunities



Innovator call (currently open, €2,4 M)

- Respond to R&D agenda of major international initiatives
- R&D preparatory activities for S1 & S2 exploitation



Scientific Toolbox Development

S-2 Toolbox (interoperable with S-1, S-3 Toolbox) − 1st Release Sep. 2014 **€ 550,000**, 36 months, Kick Off Feb 2014 open/source, multi-mission,

Research & Development Studies

- S2-4SCI Land (€ 1,2 M Q4 2014): proposed topics Vegetation parameters, Classification, Calibrat./Validat., Cloud screening, Atmospheric Correction, Inland Water
- SY-4SCI Synergy (€ 1 M under selection): S2-3 Synergy Land Product, S1-2 Synergy Land Product, S1-2-3 Ocean Virtual Lab

Conclusions: Sentinel-2



Operational Observations from Sentinel-2

- Long-term, continuous & systematic information from local to global scale
- Responding to main user requirements Land cover,
 Agriculture, Forest, Biodiversity, Lakes/coastal waters
- Open data policy & long-term continuity for sustainable uptake

Preparatory activities for full exploitation

- R&D for optimized and validated EO products
- Interoperability with Landsat (frequency, historic archive)
- Facilitation of EO data access & handling





Sentinel Online







Share | 🖶 🖬 💆 🖂

Need Help?

Contact Us

About sentinel online

Google™ Custom Search

Missions

User Guides

Technical Guides -

Thematic Areas -

Sentinel Data Access ▼

You are here

Home

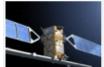
Welcome to Sentinel Online

Welcome to Sentinel Online, the ESA Sentinel website.

The site is constructed in such a way as to enable you to navigate easily through a variety of topics related to each Mission, Instrument, and their associated Data, as well as highlighting the Copernicus Thematic Areas served by the Missions. For more information see About sentinel online.

The GMES (Global Monitoring for Environment and Security) program has been recently renamed by the European Union to 'Copernicus'. It shall be noted that currently the content of this Website refers to the terms GMES and Copernicus alongside.

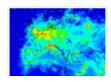
- Sentinel Missions







- Sentinel Data Products





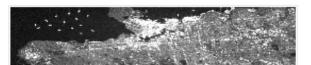


- Sentinel News

- Apply for 'Sentinel-1 Student Transponders'
- Turning up the heat on Europe's first Sentinel
- **Green light for GMES Copernicus**
- International effort helps users get ready for
- Greece's ups and downs
- Securing operational EU funding for GMES
- ESA-NASA collaboration fosters comparable

Featured Image

- Vancouver Radar Image
- ESA EO Image Gallery



http://sentinel.esa.int

BACKUP Slides





an Space Agency